NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1895.-SIXTEEN PAGES.

CAPTAIN STRAUSS'S STATION FILLED WITHDRAWALS OF \$4,200,000 YESTERDAY. WITH VALUABLE ARTICLES.

TAKEN FROM MRS. HAMILTON'S FLAT IN EAST SIXTY-SIXTH-ST. - IN VARIETY, THE AR-TICLES COVER AN ALMOST INCREDI-

BLE RANGE-SAID TO BE WORTH

WOMEN LOOKING FOR

THEIR PROPERTY. The East Sixty-seventh-st. station looked like an auction room last night. There was pretty much everything there, from a silver manicure set to kitchen stove and parlor grate furniture, from fine lace handkerchiefs to expensive table linen. The large assembly room was filled with huge packing cases, trunks, parlor and diningroom chairs, tables and other furniture, piles of rugs, carpets and portieres, and a good-sized library of miscellaneous literature, from the latest French novel to Ruskin.

In the sergeant's room there was barely space enough left in which to stand to inspect the remarkable display of wares. There were dozens of umbrellas, fine slik parasols, scores of pairs of shoes, from the finest French kid to No. 7 pebble goat; gloves in great variety, silk, kid and lace mitts, mirrors and cheval glasses, lemonade sets, solid silver candelabra, silver candlesticks, silver and plated tea services, fine specimens of gold and silver ore, hundreds of pieces of cut glass, for utility and ornament; night robes and bed clothing of embroidered silk and linen; women's fine linen underwear, much of it yellow from age, and of style and texture rarely seen at the present day; rare old laces much of it of Swiss and Irish manufacture; Limoges and fine chinaware, nine full dinner and three complete tea sets, four o'clock tea sets, toilet sets, plush, silver, ivory and celluloid shaving sets, odd and antique Chinese and Japanese ornaments of ivory, Wedgewood ware and earthenware, fans of many patterns, autograph and photograph albums, souvenir

TAKEN DIRECTLY FROM STORES.

Besis's these there were hundreds of handkerchiefs, hose, ribbons, gloves, shoes, etc., in original packages, bearing the dealer's price tags and chase marks, showing that the stuff had never been sold from the retail store. Much of the latter, amounting to some hundreds of dollars in value, was identified by Detective Oestreicher, of Bloomingdale Bros., No. 1,000 Third-ave.

Besides the articles enumerated, there was a variety of bronzes, mosaics, and a huge table stacked full of miscellaneous articles, such as opera glasses, field glasses, scientific and surgical instruments, school and mathematical appliances and upward of a thousand different articles of bric-a-brac.

Appraisers estimated the value of the stuff at \$14,000. Detective Gunson said last night that he, Detective Gordon and several Central Office de-tectives had been working all day in sorting out, classifying and arranging the articles named. The work was not completed at 10 o'clock last

of this stuff was taken from the flat of Mrs. Maggie Hamilton, No. 336 East Sixty-sixth-st., who, with her husband, Thomas, has been ar-rested and is now awaiting a hearing at the Yorkville Court. Detective Gunson said that in addition to the four vanloads of stuff carted to the station, they left a large amount of property that had evidently been stolen, but which possessed no especial value.

Some of the fire the state of the

Some of the fine linens have the letter "M" embroidered in red silk. Some of this has been identified. Throngs of people, many of them well-dressed women, called at the station during the afternoon and evening yesterday, and in-

spected the collection LOOKING FOR THEIR STOLEN PROPERTY. A number declined to give their names, while declaring that they were victims of recent rob-

companied by a man in bicycle costume, called late last night and said she had recently lost a quantity of silverware and seven pairs of bracelets. She found nothing, however, she could identify in the collection.

Not so with Mrs. Stephen Miller, of Bridgeport, Conn. She selected from the general assortment silverware, bed linen, etc., to the value of several hundred dollars that, she declared, had been stolen from her city house in West Sixty-third-st, during one year that Mrs. Hamilton was

third-st. during one year that Mrs. Hamilton was

Si East Fifty-fifth-st., identified a miscellaneous assortment of wares from the general collection. At times the station was filled with well-dressed men and women, who evinced a deep interest in inspecting the layout.

The police, who at first believed they had struck a big fence, are rather inclined to the belief that Mrs. Hamilton worked practically alone in collecting the plunder. But they fail to explain how she could remove, unaided, a bronze vase of almost one hundred pounds weight.

Mrs. Hamilton and her husband will be arraigned in Yorkyille Court this morning. raigned in Yorkville Court this morning.

INFRINGEMENT SUIT OVER "THE AUTOCRAT." Chicago, Sept. 13.—Judge Jenkins, of the United States Circuit Court, handed down an opinion yes-terday sustaining the demurrer of Donohue, Henne-

berry & Co. to the suit of infringement brought by Oliver Wendell Holmes, jr., in the publication of an edition of "The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table." Holmes alleged that the late Dr. Holmes was secured by a copyright on the publication of the book, and that the sketches first appeared in serial form in "The Atlantic Monthly" in 1858, under an agreement whereby Dr. Holmes was to have all the property rights in the book for publication. Donohue, Henneberry & Co. demurred to the claim of infringement, insisting that no such agreement with "The Atlantic Monthly" had been set forth, and their publication was from the original serial.

Judge Jenkins sustained the demurrer, and allows Holmes thirty days in which to amend his bill by setting up the property rights of Dr. Holmes to the original serial.

STATE OFFICIALS GOING SOUTH. Albany, Sept. 13.—Preparations are under way for the trip next week of the Governor, State officials and committees of the Senate and Assembly to the Chickamauga and Chattanooga battlefields and the Atlanta Exposition. Governor Morton will be accompanied by his staff and probably by Colonel Ashley W. Cole, his private secretary. The legisla-tive committees will comprise probably Lieutenant-Governor Says and Marketing Control of the Colonel Colon Governor Saxton and Senators Cantor, McMahon, Biggins, O'Connor and Stapleton, Assemblymen Ainsworth, Malby, Goodsell, Cutler, Stanchfield, La Fetra, A. B. Gardenier and Wieman and Speaker Fish. The party will leave this city at 9 o'clock on Tuesday evening on a special train, and will travel by way of the New-York Central, Lake Shore, Big Four and Queen and Crescent railroads, arriving at the Chickemauga and Chattanocga fields in time for the dedication of the Battlefields National Park on september 19 and 29. After thes dedicatory ceremonles at the park the party will start for Atanta, which place will be reached on the morning if September 21. A stay of two days will be made at the exposition.

A DRUNKEN MANAGER'S CRIMF.

ager of the Forbes & Ward Dramatic Company, on a spree yesterday. He quarrelled with his wife in their room at the Middleton House, and threatened to shoot her. She ran out of the room, when Porbes drew a revolver and fired at her, the builet striking her in the left side, two inches above the striking her in the left side, two inches above the hip bone, passing through her body and coming out on the right side. Deputy-Sheriff Halliday, who was at the hotel when the shooting occurred, attempted to arrest Forbes, when the latter turned the revolver on the officer and fired twice at him. One bullet cut the left wristhand of his shirt and the second passed under his right arm, cutting the shirtsieeve away. Forbes was then overpowered and locked up. Mrs. Forbes will probably die. Her parents live at Omaha, Neb.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT TO PRESIDE.

comington, Ill., Sept. 13.-Vice-President Adiai E Stevenson has accepted an invitation to preside upon the occasion of the dedication of the National Park at Chickamanga battlefield. He departs for the South next Monday.

A POLICE TREASURE HOUSE. A DWINDLING GOLD RESERVE.

LAZARD FRERES, MEMBERS OF THE BOND SYN DICATE, AMONG THE EXPORTERS-MR.

MORGAN'S STATEMENT. The withdrawal of \$4,200,000 in gold from the Sub-Treasury yesterday for shipment to-day, with a deposit of only \$900,000, brought the question of the gold reserve sharply to the fore. The further fact that Lazard Frères, who withdrew \$2,500,000, or more than half of the total, are members of the syndicate intensified the interest and induced speculation as to whether the syndicate had abandoned its endeavors and had left each member to pursue his own course, regardless of further sustaining the National reserve.

The shipments to-day are made up as follows Lazard Frères, \$2,500,000; W. H. Crossman & Bro., \$1,000,000; Hoskier, Wood & Co., \$500,000; Hard & Rand, \$200,000; Nesslage & Fuller, \$100,000. this amount \$100,000 was not taken from the Treasury. Hardy & Harman will ship \$250,000 in gold exchanged for smelters' bars, while Zimmerman & Forshay will export £3,000 in English

From the associated banks the Sub-Treasury acquired \$900,000, to which sum the Hanover National Bank contributed \$500,000, and the American Exchange National Bank and the National Bank of Commerce \$200,000 each. The National City Bank, which keeps on hand more gold than any other bank in this country, stands ready to lend a helping hand.

J. Pierpont Morgan made the following state ment:

It is the intention of the Government bond syndicate to continue to assist the Treasury in maintain-ing its gold balance. The syndicate is constantly accumulating gold, and as fast as any quantity ha-been collected it will be turned over to the Sub-Mr. Morgan, when asked if he did not antic!

pate a decided increase in the supply of bills against cotton and breadstuffs, replied in the affirmative and expressed surprise that a greater supply of bills was not in the market. When asked if Lazard Frères had not broken

the syndicate agreement that none of the members of that body should export gold, Mr. Morgan replied: "There never was any such agreement, direct or indirect, expressed or implied. Each house is

at perfect liberty to exercise its own discretion in that regard." The following statement was authorized by the

bond syndicate: bond syndicate:

The impression has become general that the members of the bond syndicate entered into an agreement with the United States Treasury to maintain the \$100,000,000 reserve until October 1, and that upon that date said obligation will cease. Such is not the case. The bond syndicate fulfilled all its obligations to the Government in June last, and has not since been bound in any way to the Treasury. It is true that it has from time to time since last June paid over various sums in gold coin to the Treasury which have sufficed to maintain the reserve but it has done so voluntarily, and will continue so to do in the same spirit, and for the same motive. It will continue to deposit gold until November 1, and December 1, and January 1 if necessary, and if existing conditions make it feasible to do so.

Lazard Frères made the following statement:

Lazard Frères made the following statement:

Hoping that bills of exchange against merchandise exports would come in the market in fair amount during the first half of September, we continued for a long time to supply our customers with bills of exchange for which we could not at the time find cover. A combination of circumstances leaves the market bare of commercial bills and makes necessary the shipment of gold to cover part of the accumulated indebtedness and to continue supplying the daily demands of the trade. Eugene Meyer, one of the representatives of

The need of the shipment of \$2,500,000 in gold is only a temporary one; it does not come from any permanent cause. As soon as the crops make their effect felt, the temporary need of gold for foreign remitters will pass away, and that ought not to be more than a week or two off. I do not anticipate any continued depletion of the reserve. There is no occasion for any alarm or excitement.

the house in this country, said:

President Sherman, of the National Bank of peries. One woman, fashionably attired and ac- | Commerce, said that the \$200,000 paid in exchange for greenbacks by the bank represented one-third of the institution's holdings, and that if all the other banks contributed in the same proportion the \$100,000,000 mark would readily be reached

up yesterday as to an impending need of another bond issue. The opinion was common that if the falling off in the reserve should continue for any length of time the new issue would be necessary.

WILL IT MAINTAIN THE RESERVE? SPECULATION IN WASHINGTON ABOUT THE BOND SYNDICATE'S COURSE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUYE.] Washington, Sept. 13.-Will the bond syndicate consent and be able to maintain the gold reserve at \$100,000,000 until October 1 without a quid pro quo in the shape of a new issue of United States bonds at 164, and if so, will it continue to maintain the reserve on the same terms until after the November elections? This question is on the tongue of everybody in Washington who is a careful observer of the financial condition and operations of the Na-tional Treasury. Despite all attempts to conceal their anxiety and solicitude under expressions of confidence and hope, it is only too apparent that the officials of the Treasury Department, from Secre-tary Carilsie down, have begun to regard the prostary Carlisle down, have begun to regard the pros-pect as a gloomy and uncertain one. The informa-tion received from New-York to-day that notice had been given of further withdrawals of gold for ex-port amounting to 24,200,000, of which more than half was by a firm that is a member of the syndicate, seems to have been as unexpected as it was disagreeable and disheartening, and the effect of it was scarcely modified by a report, which could not be verified, as late as 2:30 o'clock, that the syndicate would deposit \$6,000,000 of gold before the close of business hours to-day, although such a deposit would have carried the reserve \$1,000,000 above the \$100,000,-000 mark. In commenting on the situation one Treasury official remarked:

"On the face of the matter it might look as though there had been a disagreement among the members of the syndicate, some of whom were disposed to play for another issue of bonds under the option which will expire October 1. I do not think, however, that such is the case. If the agreement to maintain the gold reserve should be carried out in good faith until that date, and another issue of bonds should then be found necessary, the syndicate would obtain the benefit of it, in all human probability, because it does not seem to be in the least likely that the Secretary of the Treasury would be able to sell new bonds in October or November for a higher price than he obtained in February."

"In other words, the February contract, in your opinion, fixed the highest price at which United States 4 per cent bonds can be sold by the Secretary of the Treasury this year." The Tribune's corre

"Yes, and until some further legislation by Congress" was the reply. The official added: "What the Government needs and must have, in my opinion, in order to protect its gold reserve, is

ufficient revenue to meet current expenses." He also expressed the opinion that the receipts for the current month would equal the August expenditures, and that the total excess of expenditures

the current monta would equal the August expenditures, and that the total excess of expenditures over receipts for the first eleven months of the current calendar year—that is, down to the time that the LIVth Congress will assemble—would not amount to more than \$20,000,000, but he was not willing to hazard an opinion as to the probability of another issue of bonds before that time in order to protect the gold reserve.

The Treasury statement for to-day showed receipts amounting to \$1,175,477, of which \$622,089 was from customs, \$521,509 from internal taxes, and the remainder from miscellaneous sources. The expenditures amounted to \$295,300, leaving a balance of \$180,197. The total receipts for the first thirteen days of the current month have amounted to \$12,180,070, of which \$5,615,742 was from customs, \$5,183,301 from internal taxes, and the remainder from miscellaneous sources. The expenditures have amounted to \$13,003,200, leaving a deficit of \$24,129. The excess of expenditures over receipts since June 30 has amounted to \$13,207,994. The total receipts for the first thirteen days of July, 1895, amounted to \$12,294,295, as compared with \$12,185,070 for the first thirteen days of the current month. The receipts from customs for the same periods amounted to \$5,617,537 in July, \$2,55,652 in August, and \$5,163,742 in \$8,165,742 in \$8,165,742 in \$8,165,742 in \$8,165,743 in \$9,100,100 for the first thirteen days of the current month. The receipts from customs for the same periods amounted to \$5,617,537 in July, \$2,55,652 in August, and \$5,165,742 in \$8,165,742 in \$8,165,742 in \$8,165,743 in \$9,100,100 for the first thirteen days of the current month.

days in September exceeded those of the corresponding days of August by \$330,000, and those of the first thirteen days of July by \$368,000. The total expenditures for the first thirteen days of July amounted to \$26,748,000; for the first thirteen days of August to \$18,400,000, and for the first thirteen days of the current month to only \$12,013,200.

THE DEPLETED TREASURY. WITHOUT THE RECENT BOND ISSUES IT WOULD HAVE BEEN EMPTY.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The Treasury general balance to-day is \$181,962,000, of which \$99,568,000 is in gold. The deficit so far this fiscal year is \$14. 000,000, and with the revenues running at the pres ent figures this deficit by January 1 next will approximate \$20,000,000, or \$30,000,000. The amount real ized by the three bond issues made within the last two years exceeds by \$6,000,000 the total Treasury balance to-day, so without those issues there would now be an empty Treasury. With a full Treasury, of course, it follows that gold can always be had, but with a Treasury depleted by expenditures exceeding the revenues, and with the tide of commercial exchange against this country, gold is difficult to retain in the Treasury. The advices received at the Treasury Departmen

from New-York stated that \$4,200,000 in gold had withdrawn to-day for export and \$200,000 in gold had been deposited, making the net loss for This reduces the gold reserve to \$36,288,374. The features of the day, as viewed from here, were the appearance of Lazard Frères as gold exporters; the deposit by the Hanover National Bank of \$50,000 in gold, the large demand for small notes at Southwestern points in exchange for legal-tenders deposited at New-York, and the readiness with which banks availed themselves of Secretary Carlisle's proposition to deposit gold in New-York for currency deliverable at Government contract rates at Western and Northern points.

The gold exports to-day attract attention to the fact that since July 13, when the gold export movement began, about \$28,000,000 has been withdrawn from the Treasury and about \$15,000,000 deposited. From January 1 to July 31, 1895, according to statistics furnished by Worthington Ford, chief of the Bureau of Statistics, \$33,008,000 in gold was exported from the United States, or a net loss of \$12,532,000. For the last three years the net loss of gold by export has been: 1894, \$31,212,600, 1305, \$7,003, 5000, 5000, 1305, \$7,003, 5000, 5000, 1305, \$7,003, 5000, 5000, 1305, \$7,003, 5000, 5 to \$96,268,574. The features of the day, as viewed

DRIVEN TO DEATH BY WORRY.

SON OF GEORGE H. BATES, FORMERLY COM MISSIGNER TO SAMOA AND BERLIN,

KILLS HIMSELF. Wilmington, Del., Sept. 13.-Charles Theodore Russell Bates, twenty-four years old, shot and killed himself this morning, it is supposed, with suicidal intent. He was worried over family troubles, and was probably overworked. a law student in the office of Francis Rawle, of Philadelphia. Bates was a son of George H Bates, of this city, who was a Commissioner to Samoa in President Cleveland's first Administration, and later on a Commissioner to Berlin, sent by President Harrison. The young man's mother is a sister of ex-Governor William E. Russell, of Massachusetts. Young Bates was bright and studious. His death occurred at the home of his uncle, F. L. Glipin. He had just been talking with a cousin about shooting reedbirds.

A DEPUTY COLLECTOR REMOVED.

HE WAS AN EDITOR AS WELL AS A CUSTOMS OFFICER, AND HIS PEN DID THE MISCHIEF. Lynn, Mass., Sept. 13 .- J. L. Parker, Deputy-Colector and Inspector of Customs in Lynn, which is in the Marblehead District, has been removed by Acting Secretary of the Treasury Hamlin, Mr. Parker is the managing editor of "The Lynn Item," and in that capacity he has, it is alleged, frequently scourged the Administration, Democrats in Lynn sent clippings of the articles to Mr. Hamlin som Offensive partisanship is the charge

When Mr. Hamlin received the clippings from "The Lynn Item," he wrote to Mr. Parker, and asked if he was the author. The reply was not satisfactory to him, for he wrote again, and asked direct questions, to which Mr. Parker replied to the effect that his personal sentiments were of no consequence to the Treasury Department as long as his work was properly performed.

THE CASE AGAINST DURRANT.

TESTIMONY SO FAR ADDUCED AGAINST THE ALLEGED SAN FRANCISCO MURDERER.

"mysterious woman," and no longer believes there Up to the present time rumors of 135 women, by actual count, have been investigated, and proved false. When the trial is resumed on Monday the prosecution will put Miss Lanigan on the stand to Mrs. Dorgan, who testified yesterday to seeing Durrant and Blanche Lamont together on a Poweli-st, car on the way from the Normal School or the afternoon of April 2. Mrs. Vogel will then be called to testify to seeing Durrant in front of the Normal School on that fatal afternoon, and then

Thus far the prosecution will have shown that Durrant and Blanche Lamont were together on that journey as far as Market and Pow-eil sts. but there the chain of circumstantial evidence is broken. The prosecution has no witness who saw the pair together between that point and Twenty-first and Bartlett sts., where Martin Quinian saw them. But, taking

where Martin Quinian saw them. But, taking Mr. Quinian's statement that he saw the two young people coming from the direction of Valencia-st., the prosecution will act on the hypothesis that Durant and Miss Lamont rode between the two points on the Valencia-st. car.

One point in the testimony already taken which the defence will take advantage of when it comes to prove that Durrant could not have carried the body of Blanche Lamont up to the befry, is the evidence of the witness Charlton, who testified yesterday to having weighed the two sisters on March 28 or 29. Maud Lamont once stated in an interview that she and her sister were not weighed at Charlton's store for a month previous to the murder. She stated in that interview that at the time Blanche was weighed last her weight was 121 pounds. It is expected the defence will recail Maud Lamont to testify on this point when the proper time comes.

TO MAKE NIAGARA A MONTE CARLO.

Buffalo, Sept. 13.—A morning paper says: "Niagara Falla is going to be the convention city of the future, and the Monte Carlo of America. Already plans are far advanced looking to the establish ment there of one of the most gigantic permanent convention halls ever conceived on this side of the Atlantic, and the erection of a clubhouse which will be the wonder of the world. The clubhouse is to cost when furnished \$500,000, and the Dalys, and Mitchell, late of Saratoga, are said to be interested in it. The convention hall will have a seating capacity of 15,000, and will be fireproof."

THE TAXATION OF LLOYDS CONCERNS,

Albany, Sept. 13.-Ex-Senator Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, representing the Manufacturers' Lloyds; Bainbridge Celby, of New-York, representing the Mutual Lloyds, the Mercantilé Lloyds and the Hudson Fire Lloyds, all of New-York, and William Lloyds and the Great Western Lloyds, met with State Controller Roberts by appointment at the State Controler Roberts by appointment at the latter's office this afternoon to discuss what State taxes, if any, their companies should pay. The Lloyds are associations of individual underwriters, and, not being stock corporations, have never been taxed until this year, when the Controller, under authority of an amendment to the law, passed by the Legislature last winter, proceeded to assess them on the capital they employed in the State. The Lloyds doubt whether the law upholds the assessments made upon them. Controller Roberts, after listening to arguments, reserved decision.

A YALE STUDENT DIES ABROAD.

of George Zabriskie Gray, of the senior class of Yale, was received here this morning. He was stricken with appendicitis in London, and died after a short liness. He was a member of the Scroll and Keys Society, was secretary and treasurer of the Yaie Yaieht Club, and a popular student, as well as a prominent society man in the university. His father is a New-York clergyman.

Boston, Sept. 13,-The burglar who entered the Rochelle, N. Y., on August 12, was identified this morning from his photograph and a description as a well-known this from this city, who only re-cently finished a six-year sentence in the Charles-town State Prison. His name is Edward J. Ban-non, but in New-York he said his name was Edward Bawn.

DELEGATES EARLY ON HAND-AN EFFORT TO SE-CURE DELAY IN THE MATTER OF AN EN-

LARGED STATE COMMITTEE-PLATT'S SCHEME TO RETAIN CONTROL.

Saratoga, Sept. 13.-Many of the leading delegates to the Republican State Convention, which will meet here on Tuesday next, are expected to be in town to-morrow. Indeed, some of them have engaged their rooms from Saturday until Wednesday next, and therefore their presence here in advance of the meeting of the convention is assured. Judging from the orders for rooms at the hotels which have remained open after the summer visitors have departed, the 758 delegates to the convention and a large proportion of the alternates intend to be present.

The large attendance, despite the general be lief that the present Republican State officers will be renominated without opposition, and a party platform adopted without serious conflict, is evidence of the hearty interest taken in the affairs of the Republican party this year by its voters and leaders. This evident desire to participate in the management of the party but repeats what has occurred at all the local conventions for the nomination of judges and members of the Legislature that have preceded the holding of the State Convention, namely, an attendance at the conventions of Republicans of every shade of opinion in the party ranks. Evidently there is a general belief among Republicans that with worthy candidates for State offices and an equally worthy candidate for President in 1896 the Republican party will continue its present control of New-York State and carry the State next year. COMMITTEE ENLARGEMENT.

An additional reason for the large attendance at the State Convention, notwithstanding the apparent agreement already upon candidates, is the agitation of the proposition to enlarge the State Committee. The informal committee, of which Cornellus N. Bliss is chairman, which has been pushing this suggestion of an enlargement and a change of the basis of representation in it, has received encouraging reports from the delegates-elect to the convention regarding it; although a majority of the delegates have not vet committed themselves in its favor. nearly 200 delegates favoring the plan of enlarging the State Committee, however, the supporters of the idea cannot but feel pleased. They have had to combat the innate conservatism of party leaders of a liberal mind and the interested opposition of the present possessors of the machinery of the Republican party. That they have made as much headway as to collect 200 votes in favor of the plan of enlarging the State Committee is therefore, proof that the plan has popular support among the Republican voters. Mr. Bliss and his associates will come here and open headquarters in rooms 50, 52 and 54, Congress Hall, to-morrow for those who favor an enlargement of the committee

MR. PLATT'S SCHEME.

Thomas C. Platt, who will be here to-morrow has, it is said, instructed his lieutenants to pretend to accept the suggestion that the State Committee be enlarged, only not to accept it for adoption this year. Mr. Platt would have a committee appointed to sleep over the matter for a year, and in the mean time permit him to choos a State Committee on the old lines favorable to himself. Such a Platt State Committee would have charge of the affairs of the Republican party in this State whi'e the delegates to the Republican National Convention were being elected. Mr. Platt desires, perhaps naturally, to be the governing spirit of a majority of the delegates to the National Convention. Nothing shall this year if he can prevent it which would place obstacles in the pathway of his machine while working to elect Platt delegates to the National Convention. He therefore, it is said to-day, will favor a postponement of any change in the State Committee this year. The argument will be made that there are a perplexing number of plans for the enlargement of the committee and that the State Convention cannot with wisdom hastily accept any one of them. Consequently, it would be well to appoint a committee of eminent Republicans to consider the matter for a year and report to the next State Convention. As for next year, in Mr. Platt's view, it is said, there may be objections to changing the State Committee while the contest for the Presidency is in progress.

CANDIDATES FOR JUDICIAL HONORS. son, who was a prominent member of the Constia leading lawyer of Brooklyn, has brought over to his support for Judge of the Court of Appeals a large proportion of the Kings County delegation. Mr. Johnson will also naturally have the support of the delegates from the Hd Judicial

support of the delegates from the IId Judicial District, which comprises the counties of Richmond, Suffolk, Queens, Westchester, Orange, Rockland, Putnam and Dutchess.

Judge Pardon C. Williams, of Watertown, who also is a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, has received a letter from Judge Leslie W. Russell, stating that the latter is not a candidate for the position and intends to support him, Judge Williams, for the honor, Judge Williams will have the support of the delegates from the counties of Onondaga, Oneida, Oswego, Herkimer, Jefferson and Lewis; and also probably of those of Warren, Clinton, Essex, Washington, Saratoga and St. Lawrence.

Judge William H. Adams, of Canandaigua, fo one ballot at least, will have the support of the delegates from the counties of Wayne, Livings-ton, Seneca, Yates, Ontario, Steuben, Monroe and

Cayuga.

Cayuga.

Judge Henry A. Childs, of Medina, is also a candidate. He will probably have a strong support in the VIIIth Judicial District, where he is a popular Supreme Court Judge.

Judge Celora E. Martin, of Binghamton, will be supported by the delegates from the counties of Otsego. Delaware, Madison, Chenango, Broome, Tioga, Chemung, Tompkins, Cortland and Seneca.

WANTS TO HURRY THINGS. WANTS TO HURRY THINGS.

Mr. Platt is reported to have said that he though the State Convention could dispose of its work reason why there should be separate speeches re-nominating the present Republican State officers. Excellent things can be said about every one of the present Republican State officials. Is it possible that Mr. Platt does not care to have a eulogy declaimed in regard to some of them?

declaimed in regard to some of them?

There is likely, however, to be a conflict over the proposition to enlarge the Republican State Committee, no matter what may be Mr. Platt's plans on this subject. And people will be astonished if the Committee on Resolutions swallows at once any plank which may be presented to it regarding the sale of liquors in cities on Sundays. There are radical differences of opinion on this topic between the city Republicans and the rural Republicans; and it will take some time for them to reach an agreement about this matter.

WHERE DELEGATES WILL BE FOUND. Saratoga Springs, N. Y., Sept. 13 (Special),— While the Republican State Convention will not assemble till Tuesday next, the advance guard will reach here to-morrow.

reach here to-morrow.

Among those who have already engaged rooms at the United States Hotel are Frank Hiscock, Francis Hendricks, Thomas C. Platt, Charles W. Hackett, Louis F. Payn, Hamilton Fish, S. V. R. Criger, Dwight A. Lawrence, C. W. Adams, H. E. Tremain, F. C. Williams, Edward, Lauterbach, Leopold Feist, Frank S. Wetherbee, J. W. Green, W. B. Coilins, H. G. Dewey, L. N. Littuaer, H. A. Brockway, E. H. Mack, A. H. Stele, C. H. Treat, Frederick Stowe, Henry Parish, Charles T. Saxion, M. Nausbaum, W. C. Wetherbee, J. S. Weaver, W. T. Housinger, T. F. O'Brien, F. E. Purdy, W. E. Clark, W. J. McCaffrey, H. G. Burleigh, G. V. Laker, T., R. L. Fox, W. J. Arkell, Theodore E. Hancock, John Palmer, L. B. Gleason, John E. Milholland, Charles L. Phipps, W. J. Young, Andrew Davidson, F. W. Hiszins, Lispensed Riewart.

S. D. Coykerdall, L. H. Vail, L. Emerson, Martin V. Wood, Augustus Denton, Joseph D. Sayre and H. J. Underhill, besides several delegations.
Convention engagements at Congress Hall, the headquarters of the Republican State Committee, aiready include W. L. Proctor, W. H. Reynolds, Frederick S. Gibbs, Cornelius Van Cott, Hugo Hirach, Andrew Jacobs, W. F. Wakeman, Clarence W. Meade, H. S. Steddard, E. B. McAlpin, William H. Hodges, B. B. Odell, Jr., Addison B. Colvin, William H. Hodges, B. B. Odell, Jr., Addison B. Colvin, William H. Hodges, B. B. Odell, Jr., Addison B. Colvin, William H. Lucius Van Allen, C. M. Berrian, Otto Irving Wise, D. M. Hurley, John H. Jewell, J. A. De Remer, M. R. Sackett, E. S. Craper, S. I, Maddox, A. A. Sweet, Edwin S. Wray, William J. Glenn, John Young, Edward R. Phelps, Ira C. Miles, F. J. Merriman, John I. Mott, David Cromwell and Job E. Hedges.

FIGHTING FOREST FIRES.

GREAT DAMAGE DONE TO PROPERTY IN SOUTH-ERN NEW-JERSEY.

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 13.-Business at Egg Harbor City to-day was entirely suspended, owing to the close proximity of the forest fires to the The citizens turned out in a body to fight the flames and protect their property. Mayor Farr, the Colwell estate and Congressman John J. Gardner, of the IId New-Jersey District, are heavy lovers. The light of the flames can be plainly seen here, and thousands of people are watching the glare in the sky. Other fires are burning in the swamp districts in and around Elwood, and in the western part of the county. Thousands of dollars have been lost by the owners of cranberry bogs, many of which will prove a total loss. dollars have been lost of the bogs, many of which will prove a total loss.

J. H. Renault, an extensive manufacturer of champagne at Egg Harbor, has a force of men out fighting the flames in order to protect his property. Hundreds of acres of young timber land have been devastated and many people have been compelled to remove from their homes. Residents of English Creek are out in full force, using every effort to protect their property.

THEY THOUGHT IT WAS A TOY PISTOL.

IT DID EFFECTIVE WORK, HOWEVER, AND NOV ONE MORRISTOWN BOY IS HELD FOR CAUS-ING THE DEATH OF A COMPANION.

John Collins, fourteen years old, son of Mrs Marie A. Collins, matron of the Memorial Hospital. n Morristown, yesterday morning shot and killed Leopold Brueckman, a seven-year-old boy, who lived at No. 66 Broome-st., New-York City.

Young Brueckman was a patient in the hospital. He was about to be discharged, and he and young Collins were close companions. Young Collins se-cured a .32-calibre revolver to celebrate the Fourth of July. His mother and the other attendants in the hospital thought the pistol nothing more than a toy. A short time ago young Collins secured a cartridge and placed it in the revolver. He had not lischarged the cartridge, and it was the one which killed young Brueckman.

The two boys were looking at the pistol yesterday. Collins in some way pulled the trigger and the cart-ridge exploded. The bullet entered young Brueckridge exploded. The bullet entered young Brueck-man's forehead and passed out through the back of his head. The noise of the shot attracted Mrs. Collins and a nurse. They picked up young Brueck-man, and were carrying him toward the bath to wash his wound when he died.

Justice Axtell ordered Collins placed under arrest, and with tears streaming from his eyes, the boy was led off to the lockup. He will probably be discharged, as the shooting was purely accidental.

MARTIAL LAW MAY BE DECLARED.

THE LEADER OF THE STRIKING MINERS IN MICHL GAN CAN'T CONTROL THE MEN.

Ishneming, Mich., Sept. 13.-Colonel Lyon, in com mand of the State troops here, informed Roberts, the leader of the Miners' Union, yesterday, that any further outrages, such as strikers had perpetrated, would result in the cities of Negaunce and Ishpeming being placed under martial Roberts pleaded inability to control the men, and the Colonel suggested that he resign.

Governor Rich telegraphed to Mayor Foley, of Negaunee, yesterday afternoon, asking why he could not protect persons in his city. The Mayor swore in fifty deputy sheriffs last night to assist in keeping the peace.

RVOLVING A NEW CONSTITUTION.

PENING WITH A WRANGLE, THE SOUTH CARO-LINA CONVENTION TRANSACTS CONSIDER-ABLE IMPORTANT BUSINESS.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 13.-To-day was an important one in the Constitutional Convention. The morning session opened with a long wrangle and | boats, but under the circumstances it was imand resolution printed as soon as presented, and laid on the desks of the members, or whether the manuscript copies should be handed to the committees without printing, allowing the com-mittees to report recommending substitutes in the shape of clauses of the Constitution. It was said that this would stiffe all ordinances in committeerooms and no one on the floor would ever know what was proposed. The members wanted to have the ideas of one another and consequently ordered

the printing of everything.

The convention spent several hours in discu this feature of the rules. Then in the last fifteen minutes of the long session the wheels of the resolu-tion and ordinance mill flew around with the rations were presented, some of them being of great importance. It is now pretty thoroughly understood that biennial sessions of the Legislature will be provided for, instead of annual sessions; that the terms of the State officers will be made four years, instead of two years, as heretofore; that smaller counties will be provided for; that county courts will be established, and that judges will be elected by the people direct, instead of by the Legislature.

EVIDENCE OF A DOUBLE WRECK.

ONE OF THE VESSELS WAS THE A. HEATON-THE CREWS BELIEVED TO BE LOST.

age came ashore to-day on the beach between Or-leans and Chatham. A quarter-board marked "A. Heaton," the logbook of the same vessel and the vessel's stern, bearing the name, came ashore at North Chatham. Later the vesse,'s cabin drifted down near Chatham bars and was boarded by ome fishermen, who anchored it. Some persons think the Heaton was sunk by a

collision with a vessel from the eastward, which was loaded with smoked herring, as great quantities of boxed herring have been picked up off here dur-ing the last two days, and they are still drifting ashore with weekage from the Heaton. Others think that both vessels were caught unprepared, and were overwhelmed by the howling gale, which swept suddenly across this coast about midnight on Wednesday. Various conjectures are made regarding the fate of both crews, but very few people here think that any of them are living, as the fleaton's yaw; boat drifted ashore at Orleans to-day.

REGENTS GUARD AGAINST FRAUD.

Albany, Sept. 13.-The State Board of Regents have taken a new departure, and gotten out be-tween 20,000 and 25,000 question papers, needed for the September examinations, on Edison mimeo-graphs, kept in the department in the Capitol. The examinations this month are for professional and technical students, and are to be held in Aland recinition students, and are to be nead if Al-bany, New-York, Syracuse and Buffalo from Sep-tember 24 to September 27. They cover subjects in the practice of medicine, dentistry and veterinary medicine and surgery. This method is taken to prevent attempts being made to steal the papers in advance.

BUSTAMENTE NOT BURNED TO DEATH.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—Referring to the state-ment in an evening paper yesterday to the effect that General Bustamente had been surrendered by on the demand of Consular Agent Cooper, at La Libertad, Captain Johnston denies the story. He says that Agent Cooper telegraphed the Consul-General on the subject and received instructions not to interfere. Captain Johnston says he had no com-munication whatever with Cooper on the subject, and he also denies the story that Bustamente was burned to death. on the demand of Consular Agent Cooper, at La

BOTH HIS LEGS WERE TAKEN OFF.

st., Brooklyn, was crossing that street about 7 o'clock last night, when he was struck by car No. 123, of the Seventh-ave. line, and badly injured. He was taken to the Brooklyn Hospital, where his legs were amputated. The surgeons in attendance said last night that he would die.

"Barney" Bloodgood, the motorman of the car, was arrested and held to await the result of the boy's injuries.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRIES.

Wear Knox hats, made by American workingnen. They lead the world—Advi.

side of the water. Both letters were short, not
over ten lines in length. Whether there will be
special races I do not know. I understand that

PRICE THREE CENTS.

PARED FOR HER HOME-

WARD VOYAGE. There will not be another Defender-Valkyrie race. Notwithstanding the efforts of clubs and individuals to bring about another meeting between these racing machines, although purses, cups and yachting hanors have been offered,

nothing probably will come of it all, and the his tory of the international yachting season of 1896 will be written in three chapters. The first was a victory for the Defender, the second was a defeat for the Valkyrie and the third was a set back to international yachting for which Lord Dunraven will receive the blame. No series of international races ever claimed so much attention as the one which closed with the Defender's sailover on Thursday. The building of the ships and the trial races were followed closely both here and abroad, and when

satisfactory to the friends of both sides, and for that reason it is but natural that many people should cling to the hope that another meeting between the two racers might be arranged. All sorts of rumors have been circulated, but it is safe to say that the two racers will not meet again. The fact that the Valkyrie is being dismantled and being made ready for her return

the aspirants for our honors finally met, the in-

terest reached the climax. The races were un-

trip shows that the efforts were fruitless. MR. ISELIN DECLINES. To General Charles H. Taylor, Editor of "The Boston Globe," who offered to give a \$5,000 cup to be sailed for by the Defender and the Valkyrie, Mr. Iselin yesterday sent the following telegram:

Many thanks for generous offer. I must de-cline at present to sail against the Valkyrie. The Atlantic Yacht Club was also anxious to

bring about another meeting, and there has been some informal talk about offering a valuable cup. but the scheme has been abandoned, and no formal action will be taken. MR. GLENNIE TALKS.

Rear Commodore Glennie was seen aboard the City of Bridgeport, the Valkyrle's tender, yester-

day. "Is it Lord Dunraven's intention not to race the Valkyrie here again?" he was asked. "Emphatically yes. You can see the yacht is being dismantled, and that is a sufficient answer

to that question." "But what of the cups that have been offered, or which would be offered for competition between the Valkyrle and Defender?"

change his mind. He has positively decided not to race the Valkyrie here again." "When do you propose to send the Valkyrie

"Forty cups would not make Lord Dunraven

home?" "As soon as she is ready, and that will be probably in the course of a week. She will use her

"Will the Valkyrie be raced in England this "No: she would return too late for racing. I have no doubt she will be put out of commission

at once." say with regard to the committee's decision and Lord Dunraven's refusal to race on Thursday. he replied that all had been said that was necessary, and added: "I regret as much as any one that we could not have a fair race between the

NOTHING MORE TO SAY

spondence that had been printed.

At H. Maitland Kersey's Fifth-ave. home last evening were Lord Dunraven, Commodore Arthur Glennie and Mr. Kersey himself. At the Waldorf last evening a large amount of mail awaited the Earl, but he did not appear there. Commodore Glennie left the Holland House at 6 o'clock, and left no word as to where he was going. Later in the evening both were found with Mr. Kersey. They declined to talk, saying that everything they could possibly say was covered in the corre-

Ex-Commodore James D. Smith was at his office in the Edison Building yesterday, and gave himself up to his business correspondence with a vigor which indicated he was glad to have something else to do than to talk yachting or to manoeuvre for position with the Earl of Dunraven. When asked about the America's Cup situation, Mr. Smith looked disgusted, and replied: "It's all over and settled. There is nothing more to talk about. No, there is no Cup Committee and Lord Dunraven than that aiready given out. Of course, Mr. Iselin's let-ter to Lord Dunraven offering to declare the second race off has not been published. Mr. Iselin wrote the letter after consulting with the Cup Committee, and we declared our willingness to have the race declared off. I have no desire to make any comment upon Lord Dunraven."

Mr. Smith grabbed his silver-headed cane, which emits a spray of cologne when a small silver button in the handle is pushed, held the cane under his nose and walked rapidly away.

COMPARATIVE QUIET AT THE YACHT CLUB, The New-York Yacht Club was rather quiet yesterday. The races are looked upon as over by the members, the cup remains here and yachting circles have relapsed into their normal condition. J. V. S. Oddie, the secretary of the club, who during the exciting time preceding and during the races gave valuable services to visitors and to the representatives of the press, was at the clubhouse yesterday. His mail contained many letters of congratulation and a number of communications in rhyme praising the American

boat and denouncing the English methods. The America's Cup Committee held an informal meeting at the club yesterday afternoon which was attended by the Regatta Committee and by C. O. Iselin.

Mr. Iselin was seen when he left the club and was asked if he had anything to say as to a pos sible meeting with the Valkyrie. He would say

Chester Griswold said that the meeting was one of no importance, that it was of an informal nature, and that nothing had taken place which

would interest the public ANOTHER MEETING IN THE EVENING.

The Cup Committee and the Regatta Committee of the New-York Yacht Club were at the club-house last night until nearly 12 o'clock, and informally discussed the whole situation regarding the Defender-Valkyrle race. Mr. Iselin arrived early in the evening and remained until after 11 p. m. He declined to make any state-

At 11:30 p. m. James D. Smith left the club-house. Before departing, he said: "The America's Cup Committee formally informed Lord Dunraven this afternoon of the termination of the race, and wrote to Mr. Iselin, thanking him and his associates for retaining the America's Cup on this side of the water. Both letters were short, not